	Case 4:07-mj-70272-MRGD Document 1 Filed 05/11/2007 Page 1 of 12					
	E-filing o					
1	SCOTT N. SCHOOLS (SCSBN 9990) United States Attorney					
3	MARK L. KROTOSKI (CASBN 138549) Chief, Criminal Division 2007 MAY AM 9: 09 RICHARD W. WIEKING GLERK, U.S. DISTRICT EQUAT					
4 5	BRYAN R. WHITTAKER (TXSBN 24047097) Special Assistant United States Attorney					
6 7	1301 Clay Street, Suite 340S Oakland, CA 94612 Telephone: (510) 637-3740 Telefax: (510) 637-3724					
8	Attorneys for the United States					
9						
10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
11	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
12	OAKLAND DIVISION					
13 14	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff, CRIMINAL NO. 0272 WDB					
15)					
16) NOTICE OF PROCEEDINGS ON OUT-OF-DISTRICT CRIMINAL					
17	GIOVANNA WARREN,) CHARGES PURSUANT TO RULES 5(c)(2) AND (3) OF THE FEDERAL) RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE					
18	Defendant.					
19	Please take notice pursuant to Rules 5(c)(2) and (3) of the Federal Rules of Criminal					
20	Procedure that on or about May 10, 2007, the above-named defendant was arrested relating tp filing false claims with a government agency. An arrest warrant (copy attached) was obtained and issued in case number 1: 07 MJ 094 DLB in the Eastern					
21						
22						
23	District of California, upon an					
25	☐ Indictment ☐ Information					
26	☐ Criminal Complaint ☐ Other (describe)					
27						
28						

In that case, the defendant is charged with a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 287, false claim to a government agency.

Description of Charges: Defendant filed two false claims with the Internal

Description of Charges: Defendant filed two false claims with the Internal Revenue Service on January 12, 2006 and January 23, 2007, at the Fresno Service Center in Fresno, California.

Maximum Penalties: 18 U.S.C. § 287 – 5 years of imprisonment; \$250,000 fine; 3 years of supervised release; \$100 special assessment.

Respectfully Submitted,

SCOTT N. SCHOOLS UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

Date: May 11, 2007

BRYAN R. WHITTAKER Special Assistant U.S. Attorney

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

UNITED	STATES	OF	AMERICA
	V.		

GIOVANNA W	VARREN	*	WA	RI	RANT FO	OR ARRE	ST
		1:	07	NJ	094	DLB ;	
YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED	to arrest GIOVANNA V	VARREN				!	٠ <u>٠</u>
and bring him or her forthwith to the	e nearest magistrate to	answer a(n)				
Indictment Information	xx Complaint	Order of cou	ırt		Violation N	Notice	
charging him or her with (brief description of of	fenses)						i
False Claims to an Agency of the Unite	ed States					•	
in violation of Title 18, United States C	Code, Section 287						
DENNIS L. BECK		L 	J.S. MA	GIST.	RATE JUDGE		
Sigme of issuing O'Nicer	,(_	itle of las	d	<u> 2007 </u>	@ Tresu	S, CA
Signature of leaving Officer Bail fixed at \$ 10.00	<u></u> by	Name of Judio				.	
	RETURN						
This warrant was received and executed with t		efendant at					
DATE RECEIVED	NAME AND TITLE OF ARRESTING OF	FFICER	SI	TAND	URE OF ARREST	ING OFFICER	
DATE OF ADDERT	i					- 1	

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EASTERN

DISTRICT OF

CALIFORNIA

CRIMINAL COMPLAINT

MAY 1 1 2007

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

٧.

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY

DEPUTY CLERK

GIOVANNA WARREN

(Name and Address of Defendant)

7: 07 N 09 A

OLB

I, the undersigned complainant being duly sworn state the following is true and correct to the best, of my knowledge and belief. On or about January 12, 2006, and January 23, 2007, in the Eastern District of California and elsewhere, the defendant did knowingly submit a false claim to the Internal Revenue Service, an agency of the United States.

in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 287 (Two Counts). I further state that I am a(n) and that this complaint is based on the following facts:

Continued on the attached sheet and made a part hereof.

Signature of Complainant

Sworn to before me, and subscribed in my presence

Date

City and State

Name and Title of Judicial Officer

Signature of Judicial Officer

AFFIDAVIT

I, Paul Miramontes, am a Special Agent with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Criminal Investigation Division, being duly sworn depose and state as follows to wit:

I am currently assigned to the Modesto post-of-duty. I am a graduate of the 1. Criminal Investigator Training Program and Special Agent Investigative Techniques at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center in Glynco, Georgia, which included courses in the law of search and seizure under the Fourth Amendment. My duties as a Special Agent include the investigation of possible violations of Title 26, Title 31, and Title 18 of the United States Code. I have a Bachelor's of Science Degree in Business Administration with a concentration in Accounting from California State University of Sacramento. I have been an employee of the Internal Revenue Service, Criminal Investigation Division since June 2005 during which time I have conducted criminal investigations, analyzed various financial records and prepared reports. I have testified before a Federal Grand Jury concerning the above mentioned matters. I have been involved in the execution of various financial search warrants involving investigations concerning money laundering and income tax violations. Prior to my employment with the Internal Revenue Services I was an Investigative Auditor for the California Department of Justice, Bureau of Medi-Cal Fraud and Elder Abuse for over 2 1/2 years during which time I conducted criminal investigations in violations of the State of California Medi-Cal Program. I have also been employed with the California State Board of Equalization for approximately nine years during which time I held the titles of Sales Tax Auditor and Accounting Officer Specialist. As a Sales Tax Auditor, I conducted numerous audits of Sales and Use Tax Returns filed with the State Board of Equalization. As an Accounting Officer Specialist, I reconciled State of California Funds, prepared quarterly and yearly financial statements, and reviewed and reconciled bank accounts to the State Controller's and the State Treasurer's records.

2. I make this affidavit in support of a compliant concerning the offense of False Claims to an Agency of the United States, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 287.

Document 1

FACTS SUPPORTING PROBABLE CAUSE

The Earned Income Tax Credit (EIC) Tax Subsidy <u>A.</u>

3. The Earned Income Credit (EIC) is a subsidy for low-income families where the IRS provides a refundable credit to the person earning income. To qualify for the credit, one must work and earn income, which can be either wages earned or income derived from an individual's business. The amount of the credit and the resulting refund varies with the taxpayer's income amount, the number of dependents claimed on the tax return, and the filing status used. As the earned income increases, so does the EIC until it peaks and then diminishes as earned income continues to increase. The following is an example of how EIC amounts are affected for 2006 tax returns claiming a filing status of Single or "Head of Household" with two dependants, with varying income amounts:

Year	Earned Income Range	Refund Amount for EIC
2006	\$5,000	\$2,010
2006	\$11,300 - \$14,850	\$4,536
2006	\$20,000	\$3,438

Most refund schemes will attempt to claim the EIC refund by reporting income in the range to qualify for the credit. With this scheme, 75% of the returns reported less than \$20,000 in wages; however the EIC amounts still remain high, averaging \$2,500 per tax return. The large refunds in this scheme are around \$7,000, which includes EIC, false withholding amounts and the Child Tax Credit (CTC).

B. The Child Tax Credit

- 4. Most families who are eligible for the EIC are also eligible for the CTC. To claim the CTC, you must have at least one "qualifying" child and have income under a certain limit, depending upon your tax filing status (e.g., single, married filing jointly, etc.). The definition of "qualifying child" is similar to the definition used for a qualifying child for the EIC. In this scheme 92.5% of the returns claimed the EIC and 96.3% of the returns claimed at least one dependent child.
- 5. If eligible, the CTC reduces the federal income tax owed by up to \$1,000 for each qualifying child under the age of 17. If the amount of the CTC is greater than the amount of income tax owed, an individual may be eligible to claim some or all of the difference as an "additional" Child Tax Credit. In order to be "refunded" the CTC for the 2006 tax year, a person must have taxable earned income above \$11,300 and owe less in taxes than the CTC amount claimed. All but five of the returns in the scheme reported earned income greater than \$11,300 and 84.5% of the returns claimed the CTC.

Background of Fraudulent Scheme

6. In February 2007, The Internal Revenue Service, Criminal Investigation Fraud Detection Center (FDC) detected a fraudulent income tax refund scheme based in Fresno, California and the Bay area. The scheme developed from information provided by an H&R Block employee who stated a Fresno resident was obtaining false Forms W-2 from the Bay Area and bringing them back to Fresno. Two returns which H&R Block believed to be fraudulent were pulled and provided to IRS Special Agent John Broussard. The tax returns were given to the Fraud Detection Center (FDC) in Fresno, California the following day. FDC analyst, Rosemary Ceja was assigned to review the information. Ceja accessed the IRS database and verified both returns were filed with the IRS. In fact, both returns were already flagged by the IRS' Electronic Fraud Detection System (EFDS) as having false Forms W-2. Ceja then looked

for other returns that had been filed using the exact wage and withholding amounts stated on the Forms W-2 of the filed returns. The search resulted in additional returns from the Fresno and Bay Areas matching in wage and withholding amounts utilizing different employers. EFDS had already flagged the returns as fraudulent and stopped the payment of refunds on a majority of the returns. From this initial information, Ceja expanded her search to the various employers found in the returns to look for additional returns with similar characteristics, including wage and withholding, employers and occupation. From that point, other wage and withholding amounts were revealed and new employers were discovered as well.

- 7. The false refund scheme mainly involves the filing of electronically transmitted federal income tax returns by IRS licensed Electronic Return Preparers, mainly H&R Block and Jackson Hewitt Tax Services. All of the returns were electronically sent to the IRS Service Center in Fresno, California for processing. The income for these false returns is based on false Forms W-2, being false generally as to the employer, wages and withholding. The employer and EINs being used on the false Forms W-2 are legitimate; however, the individuals did not work for the employer during the years reported. The individuals filing the false income tax returns are real people, using their own name and Social Security numbers, who are obtaining and attempting to obtain Refund Anticipation Loans (RAL) from a bank, based upon their prescribed tax refund. As detailed below, the investigation has determined that numerous individuals from, in or about the Fresno and Bay areas have submitted false tax returns as described in this paragraph. In addition, these individuals have requested and many times obtained, false and fraudulent tax refunds based on the false returns.
- 8. The claimants mainly attempted to obtain a RAL or a bank loan check based upon the amount of the refund. The bank providing the loan check (RAL) to the claimant does an initial credit check and if the IRS accepts the electronically filed tax return, the bank issues a loan check (RAL) (less fees and short term interest) usually the same day or the next day. The tax return is

"accepted" by the IRS if the filer's name and Social Security Number (SSN) matches on the tax return, the dependant names and SSN match, and the employer name and Employer Identification Number (EIN) matches. There is not a determination by the IRS of the accuracy of the return, the wage amounts, or employer information at this point. When the claimant receives the RAL check within about one day of the tax return being accepted, the bank takes the risk of waiting for the IRS to process the tax return (about 2-4 weeks). After the IRS processes the tax return, the bank receives the tax refund to satisfy the Refund Anticipation loan RAL check.

- 9. If the individual filing the electronic tax return does not qualify by the bank for the instant tax refund or RAL, the individual is placed into a waiting category, usually ifor about 2-4 weeks, to then obtain a bank 'Refund Anticipation Check" (RAC). The RAC is a bank check, handed to the individual by the tax preparation office, issued by the bank once the bank receives the tax refund amount from the IRS. These checks are generally printed by the tax preparation office. There are processing fees for this RAC but no loan interest is charged as in a RAL. The individual also has the option of bypassing the bank and have the tax refund check sent from the IRS directly to the home or bank account; however, the wait is also 2-4 weeks.
- 10. A tax refund is normally generated when an individual withholds income greater than the amount of tax due. Credits and government subsidy programs can also increase the amount refunded. All of the tax returns filed in this scheme claimed withholdings, while 92.5% claimed the EIC and 84.5% claimed the CTC. The refunded amounts were based on false Forms W-2 provided when the tax returns were prepared and are fraudulent since the individual did not work or earn income from the employer that year.
- 11. The following information is based on my personal observations and review of various tax records of the IRS, review of records and discussions with various tax return preparers, review of information by Criminal Intelligence personnel at the FDC, records maintained by the IRS and other federal and state government agencies.

- 12. As described more fully in this affidavit for a complaint, there is probable cause to believe that the defendant executed and participated in a scheme to prepare and file fraudulent federal income tax returns with the IRS based mainly on false and fictitious Form W-2 in order to receive tax refunds to which they are not entitled.
- 13. At this stage of the investigation, this scheme appeared to be broad in scope and covered a large geographical area. It is therefore likely that the assistance of other people was required, since various addresses utilized are spread over the Fresno and Bay areas.
- 14. GIOVANN TYREKA WARREN (DOB: 12/29/1984), 436 7TH Street, Oakland, California 94612 filed an electronic income tax return, claiming tax refunds based on Form W-2 presented when the tax return was prepared. The IRS has positively verified the name and respective social security number for the individual. In addition, representatives from each tax preparation agency have disclosed that each individual was required to provide photo identification in order to file the return electronically. Therefore, it is believed WARREN applied for and received or attempted to receive a false tax refund as noted.
- GIOVANNA TYREKA WARREN filed a false 2005 Federal Income Tax return electronically from the H&R Block office, located at 813 Marina Village Parkway #100, Alameda, CA 94501. Once there, WARREN provided a Form W-2 which was used to prepare WARREN's 2005. Federal Income Tax Return. The Form W-2 stated WARREN worked at Always Best Care Inc. in 2005, earning wages of \$18,583. She electronically filed her tax return with a filing status as head of household with two dependents and claimed a refund of \$6,220. IRS records show WARREN was paid a refund of \$6,220 on or about January 27, 2006. Always Best Care Inc. was contacted and confirmed that WARREN did not work for the company in 2005 and the Form W-2 was false as to the employer and the amount of wages and withholdings.

- 16. WARREN applied for a Refund Anticipation Loan of \$6,220 on or about January 12, 2006 and received a check for \$6,077.05 on or about January 25, 2006 from HSBC.
- GIOVANNA TYREKA WARREN filed a false 2006 Federal Income Tax return electronically from the Jackson Hewitt office, located at 2086 Newpark Mall, Ste 2001, Newark, CA 94560. Once there, WARREN provided a CIC and a Form W-2 which was used to prepare WARREN's 2006 Federal Income Tax Return. The Form W-2 stated WARREN worked at Sleep Train Inc. in 2006, earning wages of \$19,858. She electronically filed her tax return with a filing status as head of household with one dependent and claimed a refund of \$5,041. IRS records show the refund payment was stopped. Sleep Train Inc. was contacted and confirmed that WARREN did not work for the company in 2006 and the Form W-2 was false as to the employer and the amount of wages and withholdings.
- 18. WARREN applied for and was denied a Refund Anticipation Loan of \$5,041 on or about January 26, 2007 from Santa Barbara Bank & Trust.

- 19. On May 10, 2007, WARREN arrived at the IRS Office located at 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, California 94612. While there, WARREN provided a California Department of Motor Vehicle Identification Card with his photo on it. WARREN identified the signature and information on his 2006 Form 8879 and acknowldeged he was due a refund by signing a receipt form.
- 22. Based upon my training and experience, and on the facts set forth in this Affidavit, I believe there is probable cause to arrest GIOVANNA WARREN with violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 287 (False Claims to the United States)..

PAUL MIRAMONTES

Special Agent

United States Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Subscribed and sworn to before me this LO day of May, 2007.

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE